Discussion on Major OQ Issues

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Agencies and Industry
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Issues to be Discussed

- Inspections need to include evaluation of "how" operators address rule requirements
- Evaluation for knowledge, skills & physical capability
- Reevaluation interval
- Criteria for small operators
- Guidance for direction & observation of nonqualified people performing covered tasks
- Noteworthy practices

Issues to be Discussed, continued

- Distinction between maintenance and new construction
- Treatment of emergency response
- Additions to covered task list
- Extent of documentation
- Treatment of training
- Abnormal operating conditions (AOCs)
- Identification of persons contributing to an incident or accident

Regulatory Issues & Advocates

1.	Scope of OQ Inspections		Tom Woosley & Paul Wood
			Ron Wiest & Paul Wood
2.	Evaluation of KSA		Ron Passmore & Warren Miller
3.	Reevaluation Interval		David Born & John Haddow
4.	Criteria for Small Operators		David Born & Lynnard Tessner
5.	Direction & Observation of Non-		Tom Woosley & Warren Miller
3.	Qualified People		David Born & John Haddow
6.	Noteworthy Practices	8.	Ron Wiest & Lynnard Tessner
7.	Maintenance vs. New Construction		Ron Wiest & Paul Wood
8.	Treatment of Emergency Response		Ron Passmore & Chris McLaren
9.	Additional Covered Tasks	11.	Corky Hanson & Chris McLaren
9.	Additional Covered Tasks	12.	Tom Woosley & Dave Waters
10.	Extent of Documentation	13.	Corky Hanson & Dave Waters
11	Treatment of Training	14.	Deb Haifleigh, Association of Oil Pipe Lines
11.	Treatment of Training	15.	Pinkney Bynum, Piedmont Natural Gas Co., AGA
12.	Abnormal Operating Conditions	16.	Kent Denny, Duke Energy, INGAA
		17.	Byron Ables, American Petroleum Institute (API)
13.	Persons Contributing to an Incident	18.	Mike Comstock, American Public Gas Assn (APGA)
	or Accident	19.	Dennis Condon, Henkels & McCoy, Inc., Contractor

Scope of OQ Inspections

- **Issue:** Should inspections go beyond evaluation of compliance with prescriptive requirements of the Rule?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Regulators cannot await performance trends to show whether operator programs are working
 - Inspection against provisions in the OQ Rule must include evaluation of the approach operators take to satisfy the provisions
- Resolution Options:
 - Jointly develop "criteria" and "benchmarks"

Evaluation for Knowledge, Skills & Physical Ability (KSA)

- Issue: Should evaluation leading to qualification consider knowledge, skills & physical ability (KSA)?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Some form of evaluation or verification is needed that persons performing covered tasks possess the needed KSAs
 - Each covered task may have different ways to evaluate KSAs (e.g., knowledge testing, observation of performance, physical examination, supervisor verification of physical ability)
- Resolution Options:
 - Accept existing practices in the interim, and allow evolution to practices defined by "benchmarks"

Reevaluation Interval

- Issue: How should reevaluation intervals be supported and justified?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Initial reevaluation intervals can be based on precedents from other regulatory agencies
 - However, means are needed to monitor and trend performance resulting from intervals selected, and adjust intervals as appropriate
- Resolution Options:
 - Industry-wide error trending
 - Conservatively defined intervals

Criteria for Small Operators

- Issue: Will small operator OQ Programs be subject to the same criteria as large operators?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Review of the Protocols has shown that most questions apply to both large and small operators
 - Based on the definition of "Criteria" discussed earlier, the same criteria will apply to all
 - The practices used by small operators to address rule requirements are expected to be significantly different
- Resolution Options:
 - Regulatory/Industry collaboration on development of "benchmarks" for both large and small operators

Direction & Observation of Non-Qualified People

- **Issue:** Is guidance needed to support supervisors in determining how many non-qualified people can be directed and observed by one qualified person?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Different tasks can be directed & observed differently
 - Time available to recognize and correct error needs to be considered in defining span of control
 - Guidance is needed to avoid unnecessarily burdening supervisors
- Resolution Options:
 - Joint development of sample guidance

Noteworthy Practices

■ **Issue:** Should regulators play a role in the identification and communication of "noteworthy practices"?

Regulatory Perspective:

- Noteworthy practices should aid in improving efficiency and effectiveness in satisfying requirements
- Recognition and communication of these practices is in everyone's interest
- Such practices represent good examples of how to address requirements

Resolution Options:

Agree on means to identify and communicate noteworthy practices

Maintenance vs. New Construction

- **Issue:** How should we distinguish between new construction and maintenance in defining covered tasks?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - New construction tasks are not currently covered
 - Tasks involving replacement-in-kind (<u>e.g.</u>, corroded pipe segment replacement) should be covered
 - Tasks performed on the right-of-way should be covered
- Resolution Options:
 - Jointly agree on extent of coverage, or
 - Issue supplementary rule expanding coverage

Treatment of Emergency Response

■ **Issue:** Does the rule cover emergency response tasks; if not, what are its bounds?

Regulatory Perspective:

- The rule preamble inappropriately excludes emergency response tasks from coverage by the rule
- Emergency response activities are included in O&M section of regulations
- It is inconsistent to allow covered tasks to be performed by unqualified people in emergencies

Resolution Options:

Jointly agree on extent of coverage

Additional Covered Tasks

- Issue: Is pipeline excavation a covered task?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Pipeline excavation is one of the major sources of incidents and accidents
 - We believe excavation is included as an O&M task (see §195.442) and should be covered
 - Other questionable but important tasks may be identified
- Resolution Options:
 - Jointly agree on extent of coverage

Extent of Documentation

- **Issue:** What OQ records must be developed and maintained by the operators
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Four records noted in the rule
 - Additional records noted in the operator's Program
 - Other records needed to document practices and results on which the operator depends for rule compliance
- Resolution Options:
 - Mutual agreement and evolution in documentation

Treatment of Training

- **Issue:** Should training practices be evaluated in OQ inspections?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - Training, while not explicitly required by the rule, is key to implementing many steps in the OQ Rule
 - Inspection of the effectiveness of the evaluation methods used to satisfy requirements of the rule must include the role of training in the operator's program
 - The new statute requires consideration of training
- Resolution Options:
 - Mutual agreement

Abnormal Operating Conditions

- **Issue:** Should the listing of AOCs be dynamic?
- Regulatory Perspective:
 - AOCs that qualified people are able to recognize and react to include generic and task-specific conditions
 - Developing a complete list is not possible
 - Operators need means to incorporate newly recognized AOCs (e.g., from near-misses) in the set used in qualifying people
- Resolution Options:
 - Mutual agreement

Persons Contributing to an Incident or Accident

■ **Issue:** Should operators have documented means to identify covered tasks whose performance may have contributed to incidents or accidents along with people who performed these tasks?

Regulatory Perspective:

- Such documented practices are required by the rule
- Reference to existing record practices may satisfy the requirement in the near-term and possible in the longerterm

Resolution Options:

Mutual agreement and evolution in documentation